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09/938,804	08/24/2001	Isaac Mayzlin	CARDIFF.053A	2168
20995 7590 10/30/2007 KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP 2040 MAIN STREET			EXAMINER	
			LE, BRIAN Q	
FOURTEENTH FLOOR IRVINE, CA 92614			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2624	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/30/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

jcartee@kmob.com eOAPilot@kmob.com

· ·		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commence		09/938,804	MAYZLIN, ISAAC			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit :	_		
		Brian Q. Le	2624			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apported in the communication apport.	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or tre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONO, cause the application to become AF	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133)			
Status						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 A	ugust 2007.				
2a)⊠	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	∑ Claim(s) <u>5-14 and 36</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-4, and 15-35 is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•				
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	or .				
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		hy the Examiner			
•	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11) 🔲	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) 🔲 .	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. 8	119(a)-(d) or (f)			
_	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in A	pplication No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been	received in this National Stage			
	application from the International Bureau	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '				
* S	see the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not	received.			
Attachment	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		iummary (PTO-413)			
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		i)/Mail Date formal Patent Application			
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	• •			

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Response to Amendment and Arguments

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1. Applicant's amendment filed August 13, 2007, has been entered and made of record.

2. Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 08/13/2007, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1, 15, 19, 21, 24-27, and 30-35 under 35 U.S.C. 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Kanai et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,867,875.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claims 1-4, and 15-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Regarding independent claims 1, 15, 19, 25-27, and 35, the amended limitation "...wherein the gap in a character stroke is not a hole surrounded by the character stroke;" is not supported by the original specification. The Applicant is required to cite the exact location (page number and line number) so show the support for this limitation. Other claims are rejected because they are depending on the independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 1, 15, 19, 24-27 and 30-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Huttenlocher U.S. Patent No. 6,249,604 and Kanai et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,867,875.

Regarding claim 1, Huttenlocher teaches a method for improving optical recognition of text (column 6, lines 18-20 and 27-30) in an electronic bitmap including non-white pixels and white pixels (column 9, lines 25-32) through preprocessing of the bitmap (column 7, lines 25-29) in a computer (column 9, lines 10-20), the computer comprising:

- a) receiving the bit map (FIG. 1A, input and column 9, line 45);
- b) locating one or more bytes (binary/pixels processing) having no non-white pixels in the received bitmap, wherein the locating identifies gaps of character strokes (column 15, lines 45-67);
- c) inserting bytes (binary/pixels processing) having non-white pixels into a series of bytes having no non-white pixels such that at least a portion of the identified gaps is eliminated (column 15, lines 29-35 and column 16, lines 53-65); and
- d) optically recognizing the bitmap for a predefined class of text characters (column 18, lines 46-57).

However, Huttenlocher does not explicitly teach the identification of gaps in a character stroke. Kanai teaches a method of processing optical recognition of text (abstract) in bitmap (column 4, lines 5-10) wherein identifies a gap (column 8, lines 10-15) in a character stroke, wherein the gap in a character stroke is not a hole surrounded by the character stroke (column 7,

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lines 10-30). Modifying Huttenlocher's method of processing optical recognition of text according to Kanai would be able to identify gaps within the pattern of character strokes. This would improve the processing of recognition by efficiently handle any optical character recognition transcription errors (column 3, lines 32-35) and therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art to modify Huttenlocher according to Kanai.

For claim 15, Huttenlocher teaches a system (column 9, lines 10-20) to improve optical recognition of text (column 6, lines 18-20) in an electronic bitmap including non-pixels and white pixels (column 9, lines 25-32), the system comprising:

A computer environment (column 9, lines 10-20); and

A software program operating the computer environment (column 9, lines 10-20), comprising:

A receive module configured to receive the bitmap (FIG. 1A, input and column 9, line 45),

An enhancement module configured to enhance the bitmap obtained from the receive module, wherein the enhancement module performs a contiguity analysis and selective insertion of pixels based on the contiguity analysis, wherein the contiguity analysis identifies gaps in character strokes (column 15, lines 29-35 and column 16, lines 53-65), and

A recognition module configured to recognize the text in the enhanced bitmap (column 18, lines 46-57).

Referring to claim 19, please refer back to claims 1 and 15 for the teachings and explanations.

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Regarding claim 21, Huttenlocher teaches the method wherein the contiguity analysis identifies a vertical gap in image data between two image objects, each image object being located at the same horizontal position on the bitmap as the gap (FIG. 5B)

Regarding claim 24, Huttenlocher teaches the method wherein the bitmap, arranged as columns and rows, is processed along each column in succession (FIG. 23).

For claim 25, please refer back to claims 1 and 15 for the teachings and explanations.

Also, Huttenlocher teaches a computer-readable medium containing instructions for controlling a computer environment (commands entered at user interface) (column 9, lines 10-24).

For claim 26, please refer back to claim 25 for the teachings and explanations.

Regarding claims 27, please refer back to claims 1, 15, 19, 25 and 26 for the teachings and explanations.

Referring to claim 30, Huttenlocher teaches the method wherein inserting bytes having non-white pixels into a series of bytes having no non-white pixels comprises eliminating at least a portion of the identified gaps in character strokes (add black pixels) (column 16, line 55; FIG. 13A, element 304 and element 314; FIG. 13B, element 316).

For claim 31, Huttenlocher discloses the method wherein the received bitmap comprises a plurality of bytes and wherein the locating of bytes having no non-white pixels comprises comparing vertically adjacent ones of the bytes of the bitmap (FIG. 15A - FIG.15B).

As to claim 32, Huttenlocher teaches a method wherein the gaps in character strokes are vertical gaps (FIG. 15A - FIG.15B).

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For claim 33, Huttenlocher discloses the system wherein the pixels that are selectively inserted are non-white pixels (add black pixels) (column 16, line 55; FIG. 13A, element 304 and element 314; FIG. 13B, element 316).

For claim 34, please refer back to claim 32 for the teachings and explanations. For claim 35, please refer back to claim 1 for the teachings and explanations.

7. Claims 16-18, 20, and 28-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Huttenlocher U.S. Patent No. 6,249,604 and Kanai et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,867,875 as applied to claim 15 above, and further in view of Lopresti U.S. Patent No. 5,748,807.

For claim 16, Huttenlocher teaches a process wherein the enhancement module utilizing binary processing. Huttenlocher does not explicitly teaches the enhancement module performs one of a byte length process, a bitwise process or a multi-bit process. Lopresti teaches an improving optical character recognition (column 1, lines 8-13) wherein the enhancement module (8-bit check-sum) performs one of a byte length process, a bitwise process or a multi-bit process (8-bit check-sum/byte length process) (column 9, lines 21-40). Modifying Huttenlocher's method of improving optical recognition of text according to Lopresti would able to multi-bit/byte length processing to further detect and correct error of character recognition. This would improve processing and therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art to modify Huttenlocher according to Lopresti.

Regarding claim 17, Huttenlocher teaches the system wherein the computer environment is connected to an optical scanner (OCR method and scanner to perform OCR) (column 7, lines 20-22 and column 9, line 15).

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Referring to claim 18, Huttenlocher discloses the system wherein the computer environment is connected to a network and receives the bitmap via the network (the connection of all apparatuses together) (column 9, lines 10-24).

For claim 20, please refer back to claim 16 for the teachings and explanations.

For claim 28, please refer back to claim 16 for the teachings and explanations.

8. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huttenlocher et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,249,604.

Regarding claim 29, Huttenlocher teaches a concept of each bit is displayed as a unique pixel (each pixel corresponding to a unique radian value) (FIG. 4D). The Examiner takes

Official Notice that each byte in binary data comprises eight bits. It would have been obvious for one skilled in the art to continue using this binary system to process binary data since it is a well-known system in binary data analysis.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 2-4, and 22-23 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. Claims 5-14 and 36 allowed.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Contact Information

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Q. Le whose telephone number is 571-272-7424. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 A.M - 5:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Bella can be reached on 571-272-7778. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Brian Le

Primary Examiner

October 24, 2007